## 74LCX16500

 18-Bit Universal Bus Transceivers with 5V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs
## General Description

These 18-bit universal bus transceivers combine D-type latches and D-type flip-flops to allow data flow in transparent, latched, and clocked modes.
Data flow in each direction is controlled by output-enable (OEAB and $\overline{O E B A})$, latch-enable (LEAB and LEBA), and clock (CLKAB and CLKBA) inputs. For A-to-B data flow, the device operates in the transparent mode when LEAB is high. When LEAB is low, the A data is latched if CLKAB is held at a high or low logic level. If LEAB is low, the A bus data is stored in the latch/flip-flop on the high-to-low transition of $\overline{C L K A B}$. Output-enable OEAB is active-high. When OEAB is high, the outputs are active. When OEAB is low, the outputs are in the high-impedance state.
Data flow for $B$ to $A$ is similar to that of $A$ to $B$ but uses $\overline{O E B A}, ~ L E B A$, and CLKBA. The output enables are complementary ( $O E A B$ is active high and $\overline{O E B A}$ is active low).
To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, OE should be tied to GND through a pulldown resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

## Features

- 6.0 ns tpD max, $20 \mu$ A ICCQ max
- 5 V tolerant inputs and outputs
- Power down high impedance inputs and outputs
- 2.0V-3.6V VCC supply operation
- $\pm 24 \mathrm{~mA}$ output drive
- Implements patented Quiet SeriesTM noise/EMI reduction circuitry
- Functionally compatible with 74 series 16500
- Latch-up performance exceeds 500 mA
- ESD performance:

Human body model > 2000V
Machine model > 200V

## Connection Diagram

Pin Assignment for SSOP and TSSOP


## Function Table $\dagger$

| Inputs |  |  |  | Output |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OEAB | LEAB | CLKAB | A |  |
| L | X | X | X | Z |
| H | H | X | L | L |
| H | H | X | H | H |
| H | L | $\downarrow$ | L | L |
| H | L | $\downarrow$ | H | H |
| H | L | H | X | $B_{0} \ddagger$ |
| H | L | L | X | $B_{0} 5$ |

+ A-to-B data flow is shown: B-to-A flow is similar but uses DEBA, LEBA, and CLKBA.
$\ddagger$ Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established.
$\$$ Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established, provided that CLKAB was low before LEAB went low.


## Preliminary Data: National Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice.

## Logic Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)
If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Conditions | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $V_{\text {cc }}$ | Supply Voltage | -0.5 to +7.0 |  | V |
| $V_{1}$ | DC Input Voltage | -0.5 to +7.0 |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{0}$ | DC Output Voltage | -0.5 to +7.0 | Output in TRI-STATE ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | V |
|  |  | -0.5 to $V_{C C}+0.5$ | Output in High or Low State (Note 2) | V |
| IIK | DC Input Diode Current | -50 | $\mathrm{V}_{1}<$ GND | mA |
| lok | DC Output Diode Current | $\begin{array}{r} -50 \\ +50 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<\mathrm{GND} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}>\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \end{aligned}$ | mA |
| 10 | DC Output Source/Sink Current | $\pm 50$ |  | mA |
| ICC | DC Supply Current per Supply Pin | $\pm 100$ |  | mA |
| IGND | DC Ground Current per Ground Pin | $\pm 100$ |  | mA |
| TSTG | Storage Temperature | -65 to +150 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Note 1: The Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the "Electrical Characteristics" table are not guaranteed at the Absolute Maximum Ratings. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.
Note 2: $I_{0}$ Absolute Maximum Rating must be observed.
Recommended Operating Conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VCC | Supply Voltage $\begin{array}{r}\text { Operating } \\ \text { Data Retention }\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.0 \\ & 1.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.6 \\ & 3.6 \end{aligned}$ | V |
| $V_{1}$ | Input Voltage | 0 | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{0}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} V_{C C} \\ 5.5 \end{gathered}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{IOH}^{\prime} \mathrm{OL}$ | Output Current $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}-3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ <br>  $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 24 \\ & \pm 12 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Free-Air Operating Temperature | -40 | 85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\Delta t / \Delta V$ | Input Edge Rate, $\mathrm{V}_{1 \mathrm{~N}}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}-2.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0 | 10 | ns/V |

## DC Electrical Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | $V_{C c}$ <br> (V) | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min | Max |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | HIGH Level Input Voltage |  | 2.7-3.6 | 2.0 |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | LOW Level Input Voltage |  | 2.7-3.6 |  | 0.8 | V |
| VOH | HIGH Level Output Voltage | $\mathrm{IOH}=-100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 2.7-3.6 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.2$ |  | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{IOH}^{\text {O }}$ - 12 mA | 2.7 | 2.2 |  | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-18 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 3.0 | 2.4 |  | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{IOH}^{\text {a }}$ - 24 mA | 3.0 | 2.2 |  | V |
| $\mathrm{VOL}_{\text {O }}$ | LOW Level Output Voltage | $\mathrm{lOL}^{\prime}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 2.7-3.6 |  | 0.2 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{IOL}=12 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.7 |  | 0.4 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}=16 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 3.0 |  | 0.4 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{IOL}^{2}=24 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 3.0 |  | 0.55 | V |
| 1 | Input Leakage Current | $0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{1} \leq 5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2.7-3.6 |  | $\pm 5.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| loz | TRI-STATE I/O Leakage | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq V_{O} \leq 5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & V_{1}=V_{I H} \text { or } V_{I L} \end{aligned}$ | 2.7-3.6 |  | $\pm 5.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| loff | Power-Off Leakage Current | $V_{1}$ or $V_{0}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0 |  | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| ICC | Quiescent Supply Current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ or GND | 2.7-3.6 |  | 20 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $3.6 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{1}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}} \leq 5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2.7-3.6 |  | $\pm 20$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\Delta l_{\text {CC }}$ | Increase in Icc per Input | $\mathrm{V}_{1 H}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.6 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2.7-3.6 |  | 500 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

## AC Electrical Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cC }}=3.3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |
|  |  | Min | Max (Note 1) | Min | Max <br> (Note 1) |  |
| $f_{\text {max }}$ | Maximum Clock Frequency | 170 |  |  |  | MHz |
| $t_{\text {PHL }}$ $t_{\text {PLH }}$ | Propagation Delay Bus to Bus | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 1.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.0 \\ & 6.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 1.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.0 \\ & 7.0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ns |
| $t_{\text {PHL }}$ <br> $t_{\text {PLH }}$ | Propagation Delay Clock to Bus | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 1.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.5 \\ & 6.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 1.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.5 \\ & 7.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ns |
| $t_{\text {PHL }}$ <br> tpLH | Propagation Delay LE to Bus | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 1.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.5 \\ & 6.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 1.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.5 \\ & 7.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ns |
| $t_{P Z L}$ $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PZH}}$ | Output Enable Time | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 1.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.5 \\ & 7.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 1.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.5 \\ & 8.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ns |
| $\begin{aligned} & t_{\mathrm{PLZ}} \\ & t_{\mathrm{PHZ}} \end{aligned}$ | Output Disable Time | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 1.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.0 \\ & 6.0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 1.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.0 \\ & 7.0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | Setup Time | 2.5 |  | 2.5 |  | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | Hold Time | 1.5 |  | 1.5 |  | ns |
| tw | Pulse Width | 3.0 |  | 3.0 |  | ns |
| tOSHL <br> tosLh | Output to Output Skew (Note 2) |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \\ & 1.0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ns |

Note 1: The Maximum AC limits are design target. Actual performance will be specified upon completion of characterization.
Note 2: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH to LOW (tOSHL), or LOW to HIGH (tOSLH).

## Dynamic Switching Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{C C}}$ | $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{A}}=\mathbf{2 5 ^ { \circ }} \mathbf{C}$ | Units |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $(\mathrm{V})$ | Typical |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OLP}}$ | Quiet Output Dynamic Peak $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 3.3 | 0.8 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OLV}}$ | Quiet Output Dynamic Valley $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 3.3 | 0.8 | V |

## Capacitance

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Typical | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input Capacitance | $V_{C C}=$ Open, $\mathrm{V}_{1}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | 7 | pF |
| COUT | Output Capacitance | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{1}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{C C}$ | 8 | pF |
| $\mathrm{CPD}^{\text {d }}$ | Power Dissipation Capacitance | $V_{C C}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{1}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{C C}, F=10 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 20 | pF |

## 74LCX16500 Ordering Information

The device number is used to form part of a simplified purchasing code where the package type and temperature range are defined as follows:


