

Microprocessor Supervisory Circuit

ADM809-5S/L

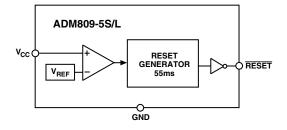
FEATURES

Specified Over Temperature Low Power Consumption (17 μ A) Precision Voltage Monitor: 3 V, 5 V Options Reset Assertion Down to 1 V V_{CC} 30 ms min Power-On Reset Logic Low RESET Output

APPLICATIONS

Microprocessor Systems Computers Controllers Intelligent Instruments Automotive Systems

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADM809-5S/L supervisory circuits monitor the power supply voltage in microprocessor systems. It provides a reset output during power-up, power-down and brownout conditions. On power-up, an internal timer holds reset asserted for 55 ms. This holds the microprocessor in a reset state until conditions have stabilized. The RESET output remains operational with V_{CC} as low as 1 V. The ADM809-5S/L provides an active low reset signal (RESET).

The reset comparator features built-in glitch immunity, making it immune to fast transients on V_{CC} .

The ADM809-5S/L consumes only 17 μ A, making it suitable for low power portable equipment.

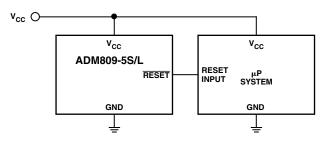


Figure 1. Typical Operating Circuit

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$\label{eq:additional} ADM809-5S/L-SPECIFICATIONS \ (V_{CC} = Full \ Operating \ Range, \ T_A = T_{MIN} \ to \ T_{MAX}, \ V_{CC} \ typ = 5 \ V \ for \ L, \ 3.3 \ V \ for \ S \ Models \ unless \ otherwise \ noted.)$

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
V _{CC} Operating Voltage Range	1.0	3.3	5.5	V	$T_A = 0$ °C to +150°C with 100 kΩ Pull-Down on Output (Figure 3)
	1.2	3.3	5.5	V	$T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to +150°C with 22 k Ω External Pull-Up on Output (Figure 6)
Supply Current		24	60	μA	V_{CC} < 5.5 V, ADM8_L, T_A = -40°C to +85°C
		17	50	μA	V_{CC} < 3.6 V, ADM8_S, T_A = -40°C to +85°C
			100	μA	$V_{CC} < 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ADM8_L}, T_A = +85^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +150^{\circ}\text{C}$
			100	μA	$V_{CC} < 3.6 \text{ V}, \text{ADM8}_S, T_A = +85^{\circ}\text{C to} +150^{\circ}\text{C}$
RESET THRESHOLD					
Reset Voltage Threshold					
ADM809-5L	4.5		4.75	V	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$
ADM809-5L	4.40		4.86	V	$T_{A} = +85^{\circ}C \text{ to } +150^{\circ}C$
ADM809-5S	2.85		3.00	V	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$
ADM809-5S	2.78		3.08	V	$T_{A} = +85^{\circ}C \text{ to } +150^{\circ}C$
Reset Threshold Temperature Coefficient		30		ppm/°C	
V _{CC} to Reset Delay		20		μs	$V_{CC} = V_{TH}$ to $(V_{TH} - 100 \text{ mV})$
Reset Active Timeout Period	30	55	80	ms	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+150^{\circ}C$
RESET Output Voltage Low			0.3	v	$V_{CC} = V_{TH} \text{ min}, I_{SINK} = 1.2 \text{ mA}, \text{ADM809-5S}$
			0.4	V	$V_{CC} = V_{TH} \min$, $I_{SINK} = 3.2 \text{ mA}$, ADM809-5L
			0.3	V	$V_{CC} > 1.0 \text{ V}, I_{SINK} = 50 \mu\text{A}, T_{A} = 0^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +150^{\circ}\text{C}$
					$V_{CC} > 1.2 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{SINK} = 50 \mu\text{A}, T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +150^{\circ}\text{C}$
RESET Output Voltage High	0.8 V _{CC}			v	$V_{CC} > V_{TH}$ max, $I_{SOURCE} = 500 \mu A$
	V _{CC} - 1.5			V	$V_{CC} > V_{TH} \max, I_{SOURCE} = 800 \ \mu A$
JUNCTION TEMPERATURE	-40		+150	°C	

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

 $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C \text{ unless otherwise noted})$

V _{CC}
Input Current
V _{CC} 20 mA
Output Current
RESET, RESET 20 mA
Rate of Rise, V_{CC}
Power Dissipation, RT-3 SOT-23
Derate by 4 mW/°C above 70° C

θ_{IA} Thermal Impedance
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) 300°C
Vapor Phase (60 sec) 215°C
Infrared (15 sec) 220°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
*Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause perma-

"Stresses above those instead under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time may affect device reliability.

CAUTION _

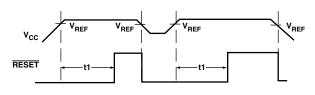
ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulate on the human body and test equipment and can discharge without detection. Although the ADM809-5S/L features proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high-energy electrostatic discharges. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.



ADM809-5S/L

PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

Pin	Mnemonic	Function
1	GND	0 V. Ground reference for all signals.
2	RESET	Active Low Logic Output. RESET remains low while V_{CC} is below the reset threshold, and remains low for 55 ms (typ) after V_{CC} rises above the reset threshold
3	V _{CC}	Supply voltage being monitored.



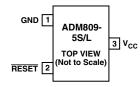
t1 = RESET TIME = 55ms TYP. V_{REF} = RESET VOLTAGE THRESHOLD

Figure 2. Power Fail Reset Timing

Table I. RESET Threshold Options

Model	RESET Threshold		
ADM809-5LART	4.63 V		
ADM809-5SART	2.93 V		

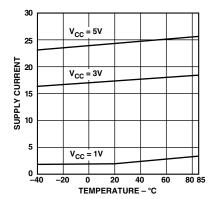
PIN CONFIGURATION

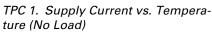


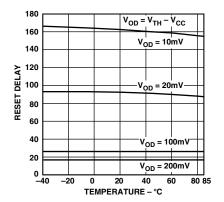
ORDERING GUIDE

Model	Reset Threshold	Temperature Range	Branding Information	Quantity
ADM809-5LART-REEL	4.63 V	-40°C to +150°C	M9L	10K
ADM809-5LART-REEL-7	4.63 V	-40°C to +150°C	M9L	3K
ADM809-5SART-REEL	2.93 V	-40°C to +150°C	M9S	10K
ADM809-5SART-REEL-7	2.93 V	-40°C to +150°C	M9S	3K
ADM809-5SCHIPS	2.93 V	-40°C to +150°C	NA	1 Wafer

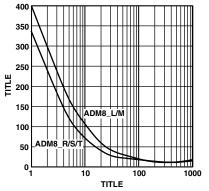
ADM809-5S/L – Typical Performance Characteristics



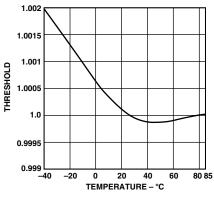




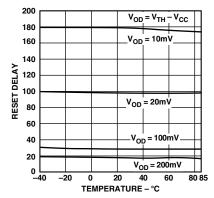
TPC 4. Power-Down RESET Delay vs. Temperature ADM809-5S



TPC 2. Maximum Transient Duration Without Causing a RESET Pulse vs. RESET Comparator Overdrive



TPC 5. Normalized RESET Voltage Threshold vs. Temperature



TPC 3. Power-Down RESET Delay vs. Temperature ADM809-5L

ADM809-5S/L

INTERFACING TO OTHER DEVICES OUTPUT

The ADM809-5S/L is designed to integrate with as many devices as possible and therefore has an output dependant on V_{CC} . Because of this design approach, interfacing this device to other devices is simplified.

ENSURING A VALID RESET OUTPUT DOWN TO V_{CC} = 0 V When V_{CC} falls below 0.8 V, ADM809-5S/L's RESET no longer sinks current. A high impedance CMOS logic input connected to RESET may, therefore, drift to undetermined logic levels. To eliminate this problem a 100 k Ω resistor should be connected from RESET to ground.

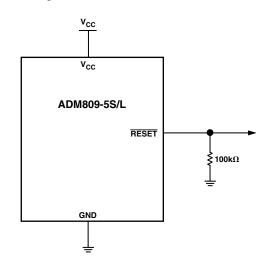


Figure 3. Ensuring a Valid $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Output Down to $V_{cc} = 0 V$

THE BENEFITS OF A VERY ACCURATE $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ THRESHOLD

In other microprocessor supervisory circuits, tolerances in supply voltages lead to an overall increase in \overrightarrow{RESET} tolerance levels due to the deterioration of the microprocessor \overrightarrow{RESET} circuit's power supply. The possibility of a malfunction during a power failure is greatly reduced because the ADM809-5S/L series can operate effectively even when there are large degradations of the supply voltages. Another advantage of the ADM809-5S/L series is its very accurate internal voltage reference circuit. These benefits combine to produce an exceptionally reliable Voltage Monitor Circuit.

INTERFACING TO MICROPROCESSORS WITH MULTIPLE INTERRUPTS

In a number of cases it is necessary to interface many interrupts from different devices (i.e., thermal, attitude, and velocity sensors). The ADM809-5S/L can easily be integrated into existing interrupt-handling circuits (Figure 6) or used as a stand-alone device.

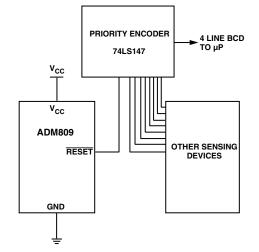


Figure 4. Interfacing to µPs with Multiple Interrupts

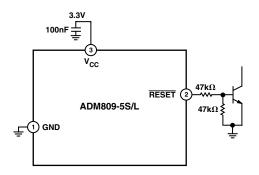


Figure 5. Alternative Application Circuit with Extra Decoupling

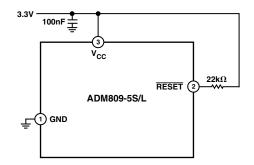


Figure 6. Additional Decoupling Can Be Achieved Using a 100 nF Capacitor Between V_{cc} and Ground

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

Dimensions shown in inches and (mm).

