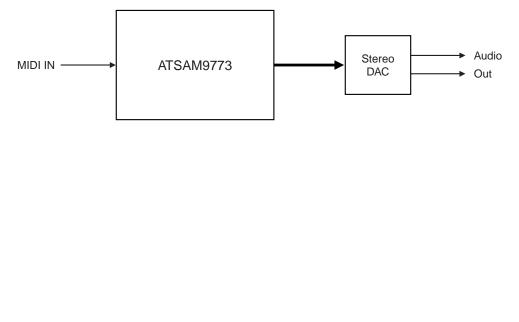
## Features

- Synthesizer, Reverb, Chorus on a Single Chip
- No External ROM or RAM
- Single-chip, All-in-one design Only Requires External DAC
  - MIDI Control Processor
  - Synthesis, General MIDI Wavetable Implementation
  - Compatible Effects: Reverb + Chorus
  - Programmable Spatial Effects or Four-channel Surround (1)
  - 3DMIDI<sup>™</sup> Four-speaker MIDI <sup>(1)</sup>
  - 4-band Stereo Equalizer
- State-of-the-art Synthesis for Best Quality/Price Products
  - 38-voice Polyphony + Effects
  - On-chip Wavetable Data, Firmware, RAM Delay Lines
- Synthesizer Chipset: ATSAM9773 + DAC
- Hardware-programmable DAC Mode
  - I<sup>2</sup>S 16 to 20 bits
  - Japanese 16 bits
- Typical Applications: Cost-sensitive PC Wavetable Synthesis/Portable Karaoke/VCD Karaoke
- 80-lead TQFP Package: Small Footprint, Easy Mounting
- Ideal for Battery Operation
  - Low Power
  - Power-down Mode
  - Wide Supply Voltage Range : 2.45V to 2.95V Core, 3V to 5.5V Periphery
- Note: 1. Four-channel surround and 3DMIDI<sup>™</sup> require additional DAC.

# Description

The ATSAM9773 provides a single-chip, low-cost MIDI sound system. Equipped with a serial MIDI input, it provides state-of-the-art sound synthesis together with a range of compatible effects. Its low power consumption makes it ideal for battery-powered applications such as portable Karaoke or VCD Karaoke systems. It can also be used for cost-sensitive PC-based wavetable synthesis applications.

Figure 1. Typical Hardware Configuration





Sound Synthesis

ATSAM9773 Single-chip Synthesizer with Effects, Serial Interface

Rev. 1715D-DRMSD-11/02





# **Pin Description**

## **Pins by Function**

### Table 1. Power Supply Group

| Pin Name | Pin Number                                   | Туре | Function   |
|----------|--|------|--|
| GND      | 5, 14, 21, 23, 30, 38,<br>57, 59, 61, 65, 74 | PWR  | Digital Ground<br>All pins should be connected to a ground plane.                  |
| VCC      | 6, 13, 18, 22, 32, 56,<br>64, 80             | PWR  | Power Supply, 3V to 5.5V<br>All pins should be connected to a VCC plane.           |
| VC3      | 1, 7, 17, 60, 63                             | PWR  | Core Power Supply, 2.45V to 2.95V<br>All pins should be connected to nominal 2.7V. |

### Table 2. Serial MIDI

| Pin Name | Pin Number | Туре | Function   |
|----------|------------|------|--|
| MIDI IN  | 15         | IN   | Serial TTL MIDI IN. All controls are received by this pin. |

## Table 3. Digital Audio Group

| Pin Name | Pin Number | Туре | Function  |
|----------|------------|------|---|
| CLBD     | 19         | OUT  | Digital audio bit clock                                     |
| WSBD     | 27         | OUT  | Digital audio left/right select                             |
| DABD0    | 25         | OUT  | Digital audio main stereo output                            |
| DABD1    | 26         | OUT  | Auxiliary digital stereo output. Surround or 3DMIDI output. |
| DACSEL   | 24         | IN   | DAC type: $0 = I^2S$ 16 to 20 bits, 1 = Japanese 16 bits    |

### Table 4. Miscellaneous Group

| Pin Name         | Pin Number         | Туре | Function   |
|------------------|--------------------|------|--|
| X1 - X2          | 10, 9              | _    | 9.6 MHz crystal connection. An external 9.6 MHz clock can also be used on X1 (2.7V input). X2 cannot be used to drive external circuits, use CKOUT instead.                                      |
| CKOUT            | 20                 | OUT  | Buffered X2 output. Can be used to drive external DAC master clock (256 x Fs).   |
| LFT              | 8                  | _    | PLL external RC network  |
| RESET            | 11                 | IN   | Reset input, active low. This is a Schmidt trigger input, allowing direct connection of an RC network  |
| PDWN             | 12                 | IN   | Power down, active low. When power down is active, then all output pins will be floated. The crystal oscillator will be stopped. To exit from power down, PDWN should be high and RESET applied. |
| TEST0 -<br>TEST4 | 33, 34, 35, 36, 62 | IN   | Test pins. Should be grounded.   |
| RUN              | 16                 | OUT  | When high, indicates that the synthesizer is up and running.   |

Note: Pin names exhibiting an overbar (PDWN for example) indicate that the signal is active low.

## Pinout by Pin Number

Table 5. Pinout by Pin Number (1)

| Pin<br>Number | Pin Name |
|---------------|----------|---------------|----------|---------------|----------|---------------|----------|
| 1             | VC3      | 21            | GND      | 41            | NC       | 61            | GND      |
| 2             | NC       | 22            | VCC      | 42            | NC       | 62            | TEST4    |
| 3             | NC       | 23            | GND      | 43            | NC       | 63            | VC3      |
| 4             | NC       | 24            | DACSEL   | 44            | NC       | 64            | VCC      |
| 5             | GND      | 25            | DABD0    | 45            | NC       | 65            | GND      |
| 6             | VCC      | 26            | DABD1    | 46            | NC       | 66            | NC       |
| 7             | VC3      | 27            | WSBD     | 47            | NC       | 67            | NC       |
| 8             | LFT      | 28            | NC       | 48            | NC       | 68            | NC       |
| 9             | X2       | 29            | NC       | 49            | NC       | 69            | NC       |
| 10            | X1       | 30            | GND      | 50            | NC       | 70            | NC       |
| 11            | RESET    | 31            | NC       | 51            | NC       | 71            | NC       |
| 12            | PDWN     | 32            | VCC      | 52            | NC       | 72            | NC       |
| 13            | VCC      | 33            | TEST0    | 53            | NC       | 73            | NC       |
| 14            | GND      | 34            | TEST1    | 54            | NC       | 74            | GND      |
| 15            | MIDI IN  | 35            | TEST2    | 55            | NC       | 75            | NC       |
| 16            | RUN      | 36            | TEST3    | 56            | VCC      | 76            | NC       |
| 17            | VC3      | 37            | NC       | 57            | GND      | 77            | NC       |
| 18            | VCC      | 38            | GND      | 58            | NC       | 78            | NC       |
| 19            | CLBD     | 39            | NC       | 59            | GND      | 79            | NC       |
| 20            | CKOUT    | 40            | NC       | 60            | VC3      | 80            | VCC      |

Note: 1. Signals marked NC should be left unconnected.





# Absolute Maximum Ratings

### Table 6. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Ambient Temperature (Power applied)40°C to + 85°C     | *NOTICE: Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute<br>Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent dam-     |
|---|--|
| Storage Temperature65°C to + 150°C                    | age to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any |
| Voltage on any pin (except X1)0.5V to $V_{CC}$ + 0.5V | other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not       |
| Voltage on X1 pinV <sub>C3</sub> + 0.5V               | implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device         |
| V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Voltage0.5V to + 6.5V          | reliability.   |
| V <sub>C3</sub> Supply Voltage0.5V t0 + 4.5V          |  |
| Maximum I <sub>OL</sub> per I/O pin10mA               |  |

## Recommended Operating Conditions

| Symbol          | Parameter/Condition           | Min  | Тур     | Мах  | Unit |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|------|---------|------|------|
| V <sub>cc</sub> | Supply Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> | 3    | 3.3/5.0 | 5.5  | V    |
| V <sub>C3</sub> | Supply Voltage                | 2.45 | 2.7     | 2.95 | V    |
| T <sub>A</sub>  | Operating Ambient Temperature | 0    | _       | 70   | °C   |

Note: 1. When using 3.3V supply in a 5V environment, care must be taken that pin voltage does not exceed  $V_{CC}$  + 0.5V. Pin X1 is powered by  $V_{C3}$  input. If X1 is driven by a 5V device, then a minimum series resistor is required (typ 330 $\Omega$ ).

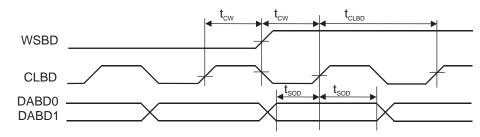
# DC Characteristics

**Table 8.** DC Characteristics ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{C3} = 2.7V \pm 10\%$ )

| Symbol          | Parameter/Condition                                     | VCC        | Min          | Тур      | Max  | Unit     |
|-----------------|---|------------|--------------|----------|--|----------|
| V <sub>IL</sub> | Low-level Input Voltage                                 | 3.3<br>5.0 | -0.5<br>-0.5 |          | 1.0<br>1.7                                     | V<br>V   |
| V <sub>IH</sub> | High-level Input Voltage                                | 3.3<br>5.0 | 2.3<br>3.3   |          | V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5<br>V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 | V<br>V   |
| V <sub>OL</sub> | Low-level Output Voltage ( $I_{OL} = -3.2 \text{ mA}$ ) | 3.3<br>5.0 |              |          | 0.45<br>0.45                                   | V<br>V   |
| V <sub>OH</sub> | High-level Output Voltage (I <sub>OH</sub> = 0.8 mA)    | 3.3<br>5.0 | 2.8<br>4.5   |          |  | V<br>V   |
| I <sub>CC</sub> | Power Supply Current (crystal freq. = 9.6 MHz)          | 3.3<br>5.0 |              | 50<br>10 | 70<br>15                                       | mA<br>mA |
|                 | Power Down Supply Current                               |            |              | 70       | 100  | μA       |

# **Digital Audio**

Figure 2. Digital Audio Timing

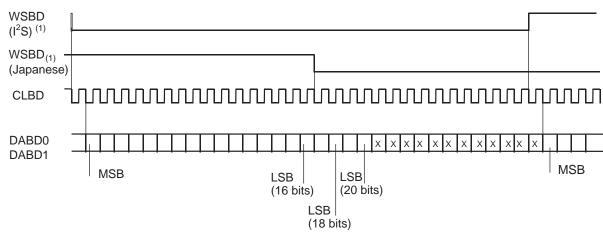


### Table 9. Timing Parameters

| Symbol            | Parameter                              | Min | Тур    | Max | Unit |
|-------------------|--|-----|--------|-----|------|
| t <sub>cw</sub>   | CLBD Rising to WSBD Change             | 200 |        |     | ns   |
| t <sub>SOD</sub>  | DABDx Valid Prior to/after CLBD Rising | 200 |        |     | ns   |
| t <sub>CLBD</sub> | CLBD Cycle Time                        |     | 416.67 |     | ns   |

## **Digital Audio Frame**





Note: 1. Selection between  $I^2S$  and Japanese format is made through DACSEL pin .





# Reset andDuring power-up, the RESET input should be held low until the crystal oscillator and PLL are<br/>stabilized, which can take about 20 ms. A typical RC/diode power-up network can be used.

After RESET, the ATSAM9773 enters an initialization routine. It will take around 50 ms before a MIDI IN message can be processed.

If PDWN is asserted low, then all I/Os and outputs will be floated, the crystal oscillator and PLL will be stopped. The chip enters a deep power-down sleep mode. To exit power down, PDWN has to be asserted high, then RESET applied.

## Recommended Board Layout

As for all HCMOS high-integration ICs, some rules of board layout should be followed for reliable operation:

GND, V<sub>CC</sub>, V<sub>C3</sub> distribution, decouplings

All GND, V<sub>CC</sub>, V<sub>C3</sub> pins should be connected. GND + V<sub>CC</sub> planes are strongly recommended below the ATSAM9773. The board GND + V<sub>CC</sub> distribution should be in grid form. For 5V operation, if 2.7V is not available, then V<sub>C3</sub> can be connected to V<sub>CC</sub> by three 1N4148 diodes in series.

Recommended V<sub>CC</sub> decoupling is 0.1  $\mu$ F at each corner of the IC with an additional 10  $\mu$ T decoupling close to the crystal. V<sub>C3</sub> requires a single 0.1  $\mu$ F decoupling close to the IC.

Crystal, LFT

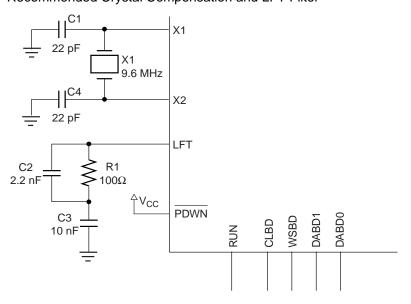
The paths between the crystal, the crystal compensation capacitors, the LFT filter R-C-R and the ATSAM9773 should be short and shielded. The ground return from the compensation capacitors and LFT filter should be the GND plane from ATSAM9773.

Analog Section

A specific AGND ground plane should be provided, which connects by a single trace to the GND ground. No digital signals should cross the AGND plane. Refer to the Codec vendor recommended layout for correct implementation of the analog section.

Recommended Crystal Compensation and LFT Filter

Figure 4. Recommended Crystal Compensation and LFT Filter

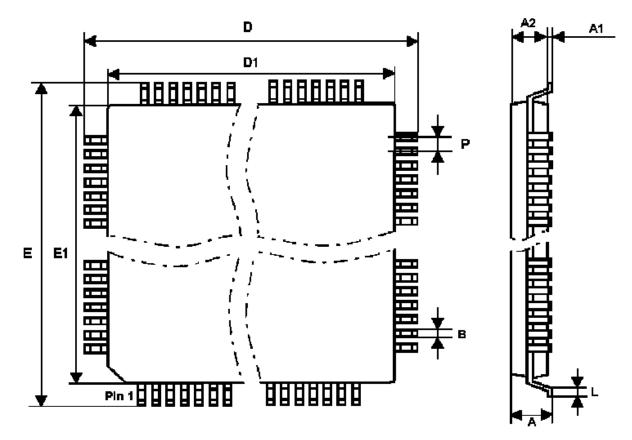






## **Mechanical Dimensions**

Figure 5. 80-lead Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack



| Dimension | Min   | Тур   | Max   |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|
| А         | 1.40  | 1.50  | 1.60  |
| A1        | 0.05  | 0.10  | 0.15  |
| A2        | 1.35  | 1.40  | 1.45  |
| D         | 15.90 | 16.00 | 16.10 |
| D1        | 13.90 | 14.00 | 14.10 |
| E         | 15.90 | 16.00 | 16.10 |
| E1        | 13.90 | 14.00 | 14.10 |
| L         | 0.45  | 0.60  | 0.75  |
| Р         |       | 0.65  |       |
| В         | 0.22  | 0.32  | 0.38  |

|  | Table 10. | Package Dimensions | s (in millimeters) |
|--|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|
|--|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|



### **Atmel Headquarters**

Corporate Headquarters 2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131 TEL 1(408) 441-0311 FAX 1(408) 487-2600

### Europe

Atmel Sarl Route des Arsenaux 41 Case Postale 80 CH-1705 Fribourg Switzerland TEL (41) 26-426-5555 FAX (41) 26-426-5500

### Asia

Room 1219 Chinachem Golden Plaza 77 Mody Road Tsimhatsui East Kowloon Hong Kong TEL (852) 2721-9778 FAX (852) 2722-1369

### Japan

9F, Tonetsu Shinkawa Bldg. 1-24-8 Shinkawa Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0033 Japan TEL (81) 3-3523-3551 FAX (81) 3-3523-7581

### **Atmel Operations**

Memory

2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131 TEL 1(408) 441-0311 FAX 1(408) 436-4314

### Microcontrollers

2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131 TEL 1(408) 441-0311 FAX 1(408) 436-4314

La Chantrerie BP 70602 44306 Nantes Cedex 3, France TEL (33) 2-40-18-18-18 FAX (33) 2-40-18-19-60

### ASIC/ASSP/Smart Cards

Zone Industrielle 13106 Rousset Cedex, France TEL (33) 4-42-53-60-00 FAX (33) 4-42-53-60-01

1150 East Cheyenne Mtn. Blvd. Colorado Springs, CO 80906 TEL 1(719) 576-3300 FAX 1(719) 540-1759

Scottish Enterprise Technology Park Maxwell Building East Kilbride G75 0QR, Scotland TEL (44) 1355-803-000 FAX (44) 1355-242-743

### **RF**/Automotive

Theresienstrasse 2 Postfach 3535 74025 Heilbronn, Germany TEL (49) 71-31-67-0 FAX (49) 71-31-67-2340

1150 East Cheyenne Mtn. Blvd. Colorado Springs, CO 80906 TEL 1(719) 576-3300 FAX 1(719) 540-1759

## Biometrics/Imaging/Hi-Rel MPU/

High Speed Converters/RF Datacom Avenue de Rochepleine BP 123 38521 Saint-Egreve Cedex, France TEL (33) 4-76-58-30-00 FAX (33) 4-76-58-34-80

## e-mail

literature@atmel.com

Web Site http://www.atmel.com

#### © Atmel Corporation 2002.

Atmel Corporation makes no warranty for the use of its products, other than those expressly contained in the Company's standard warranty which is detailed in Atmel's Terms and Conditions located on the Company's web site. The Company assumes no responsibility for any errors which may appear in this document, reserves the right to change devices or specifications detailed herein at any time without notice, and does not make any commitment to update the information contained herein. No licenses to patents or other intellectual property of Atmel are granted by the Company in connection with the sale of Atmel products, expressly or by implication. Atmel's products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems.

ATMEL<sup>®</sup> is the registered trademark of Atmel; 3DMIDI<sup>™</sup> is the trademark of Atmel.

Other terms and product names may be the trademark of others.

