## Sinnetics

### SYNCHRONOUS DECADE UP/DOWN | \$54192 COUNTER WITH PRESET INPUTS

PIN CONFIGURATIONS

S54192-B,F,W . N74192-B, F

# N74192

#### DIGITAL 54/74 TTL SERIES

#### DESCRIPTION

This is a synchronous reversible (up/down) counter having a complexity of 55 equivalent gates. The S54192 and N74192 are BCD counters. Synchronous operation is provided by having all flip-flops clocked simultaneously so that the outputs change coincidently with each other when so instructed by the steering logic. This mode of operation eliminates the output counting spikes which are normally associated with asynchronous (ripple-clock) counters.

The outputs of the master-slave flip-flops are triggered by a low-tohigh-level transition of either count (clock) input. The direction of counting is determined by which count input is pulsed while the other count input is high.

These counters are fully programmable; that is, the outputs may be present to any state by entering the desired data at the data inputs while the load input is low. The output will change to agree with the data inputs independently of the count pulses. This feature allows the counters to be used as modulo-N dividers by simply modifying the count length with the preset inputs.

A clear input has been provided which forces all outputs to the low level when a high level is applied. The clear function is independent of the count and load inputs. An input buffer has been placed on the clear, count, and load inputs to lower the drive requirements to one normalized Series 54/74 load. This is important when the output of the driving circuitry is somewhat limited.

These counters were designed to be cascaded without the need for external circuitry. Both borrow and carry outputs are available to cascade both the up-and down-counting functions. The borrow output produces a pulse equal in width to the count-down input when the counter underflows. Similarly, the carry output produces a pulse equal in width to the count-up input when an overflow condition exists. The counters can then be easily cascaded by feeding the borrow and carry outputs to the count-down and count-up inputs respectively of the succeeding counter.

Power dissipation is typically 325 milliwatts for either the decade or binary version. Maximum input count frequency is typically 32 megahertz and is guaranteed to be 25MHz minimum.



**B, F PACKAGE** 

#### W PACKAGE







#### DECADE COUNTER (typical clear, load, and count sequences)



#### DIGITAL 54/74 TTL SERIES = \$54192, N74192

#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

		S54192			N74192		
	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage V <sub>CC</sub>	4.5	5	5.5	4.75	5	5.25	V
Normalized Fan-Out from each Output, N			10			10	4
Input Count Frequency, f <sub>count</sub>	0	ļ	25*	0	l	25*	MHz
Width of Any Input Pulse, tw	20*			20*			ns
Data Setup Time, t <sub>setup</sub> (See Note 2)	20*			20*			ns
Data Hold Time, thold (See Note 3)	0			0			ns
Operating Free-Air Temperature Range, TA	-55	25	125	0	25	70	°C
Operating Free-Air Temperature Hange, TA	-55	25	125		25	/ /0	

NOTES:

1. Voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

2. Setup time is the interval immediately preceding the positive-going edge of the load pulse during which interval the data to be recognized must be maintained at the input to ensure its recognition.

3. Hold time is the interval immediately following the positive-going edge of the load pulse during which interval the data to be recognized must be maintained at the input to ensure its recognition.

\*These conditions are recommended for use at  $V_{CC} = 5V$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (over recommended operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS*	MIN	ТҮР**	мах	UNIT
S54192 ∨ <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage		2			v
VIL	Low-level input voltage				0.8	v
v <sub>он</sub>	High-level output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = MIN, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8V, I <sub>OH</sub> = -400μA	2.4			v
VOL	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = MIN, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 16mA			0.4	v
ЧΗ	High-level input current	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>I</sub> = 2.4V V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5V			40 1	μA mA
46	Low-level input current	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>1</sub> = 0.4V			- 1.6	mA
los	Short-circuit output current <sup>†</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub> - MAX	-20		-65	mA
<sup>I</sup> cc	Supply current	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX		65	89	mA
N74192						
v <sub>ін</sub>	High-level input voltage		2			v
VIL	Low-level input voltage				0.8	v
v <sub>oH</sub>	High-level output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> <sup>≈</sup> MIN, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8V, I <sub>OH</sub> = -400µA	2.4			v
v <sub>ol</sub>	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> <sup></sup> MIN, V <sub>1H</sub> = 2V V <sub>1L</sub> = 0.8V, 1 <sub>OL</sub> = 16mA			0.4	v
I <sub>IH</sub> High-level input current	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>1</sub> = 2.4V			40	μA	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>1</sub> = 5.5V			1	mA
μL	Low-level input current	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>I</sub> = 0.4V			-1.6	mA
IOS	Short-circuit output current $^{\dagger}$	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX	-18		-65	mA
°'ı <sub>cc</sub>	Supply current	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX		65	102	mA

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDI	TIONS	MIN	түр	MAX	UNIT
f	Maximum input count			25	32		MHz
'max	frequency						
1 <sub>setup</sub>	Minimum input setup time				14	20	ns
	Propagation delay time, low-						
<sup>t</sup> PLH	to-high-level carry output				17	26	ns
	from count-up input						
	Propagation delay time, high-						
<sup>t</sup> PHL	to-low-level carry output				16	24	ns
	from count-up input						
	Propagation delay time, low-						
<sup>t</sup> PLH	to-high-level borrow output	$C_L = 15pF, R_L = 4$	<b>400</b> Ω		16	24	ns
	from count-down input						[
	Propagation delay time, high-		-				
t <sub>PHL</sub>	to low-level borrow output				16	24	ns
	from count-down input						
	Propagation delay time, low-						
<sup>t</sup> ргн	to-high-level Q output from				25	38	ns
	either count input						
	Propagation delay time, high-						
тры	to-low-level Q output from				31	47	ns
	either count input						1
tel H L C					27		1
touuro					29	40	
						.5 2E	
PHL CL	.EAK				22	25	

#### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS, VCC = 5V, TA = 25°C, N = 10 (See Note)

NOTE: Above Switching Table Applies to (\$54192 & N74192)

\* For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions for the applicable circuit type.

\*\*All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5V$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ . <sup>†</sup>Not more than one output should be shorted at a time.

#### CASCADING

