# **Product Preview**

# ecoSWITCH™

# **Advanced Load Management**

# Controlled Load Switch with Low Ron

The NCP45560 load switch provides a component and area-reducing solution for efficient power domain switching with inrush current limit via soft-start. In addition to integrated control functionality with ultra low on-resistance, this device offers system safeguards and monitoring via fault protection and power good signaling. This cost effective solution is ideal for power management and hot-swap applications requiring low power consumption in a small footprint.

## **Features**

- Advanced Controller with Charge Pump
- Integrated N-Channel MOSFET with Ultra Low RON
- Soft-Start via Controlled Slew Rate
- Adjustable Slew Rate Control
- Power Good Signal
- Thermal Shutdown
- Undervoltage Lockout
- Short-Circuit Protection
- Input Voltage Range 0.5 V to 13.5 V
- Extremely Low Standby Current
- Load Bleed Function
- This is a Pb-Free Device

# **Typical Applications**

- Portable Electronics and Systems, Notebook and Tablet Computers
- Telecom, Networking, Medical, and Industrial Equipment
- Set-Top Boxes, Servers, and Gateways
- Hot-Swap Devices and Peripheral Ports

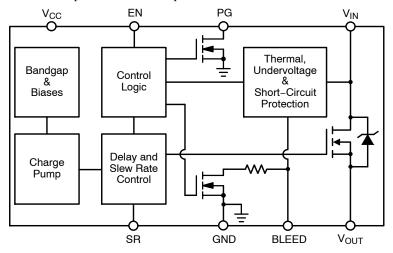


Figure 1. Block Diagram

This document contains information on a product under development. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to change or discontinue this product without notice.



# ON Semiconductor®

## http://onsemi.com

R <sub>ON</sub> TYP	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub>	I <sub>MAX</sub>
2.4 m $\Omega$	3.3 V	1.8 V	
2.6 m $\Omega$	3.3 V	5.0 V	23 A
$3.5~\mathrm{m}\Omega$	3.3 V	12 V	



DFN12, 3x3 CASE 506CD

#### MARKING DIAGRAM



x = H for NCP45560-H

= L for NCP45560-L

A = Assembly Location

L = Wafer Lot

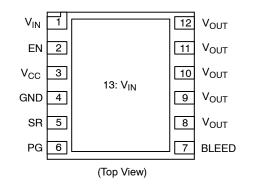
Y = Year

W = Work Week

= Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

# PIN CONFIGURATION



#### ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 7 of this data sheet.

**Table 1. PIN DESCRIPTION** 

Pin	Name	Function
1, 13	V <sub>IN</sub>	Drain of MOSFET (0.5 V – 13.5 V), Pin 1 must be connected to Pin 13
2	EN	NCP45560-H - Active-high digital input used to turn on the MOSFET, pin has an internal pull down resistor to GND
		NCP45560–L – Active–low digital input used to turn on the MOSFET, pin has an internal pull up resistor to $V_{CC}$
3	V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage to controller (3.0 V – 5.5 V)
4	GND	Controller ground
5	SR	Slew rate adjustment
6	PG	Active–high, open–drain output that indicates when the gate of the MOSFET is fully driven, external pull up resistor $\geq 1~\mathrm{k}\Omega$ to an external voltage source required
7	BLEED	Load bleed connection, must be tied to V <sub>OUT</sub> either directly or through a resistor (see Applications Information)
8–12	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Source of MOSFET connected to load

#### **Table 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3 to 6	V
Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3 to 18	V
Output Voltage Range	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-0.3 to 18	V
EN Digital Input Range	V <sub>EN</sub>	-0.3 to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3)	V
PG Output Voltage Range (Note 1)	$V_{PG}$	-0.3 to 6	V
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient, Steady State (Note 2)	$R_{\theta JA}$	28.6	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient, Steady State (Note 3)	$R_{ heta JA}$	49.7	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (V <sub>IN</sub> Paddle)	$R_{ heta JC}$	1.7	°C/W
Continuous MOSFET Current @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C (Notes 2 and 4)	I <sub>MAX</sub>	23	Α
Continuous MOSFET Current @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C (Notes 3 and 4)	I <sub>MAX</sub>	17.5	А
Total Power Dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C (Note 2) Derate above T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	3.49 34.9	W mW/°C
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A$ = 25°C (Note 3) Derate above $T_A$ = 25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	2.01 20.1	W mW/°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-40 to 150	°C
Lead Temperature, Soldering (10 sec.)	T <sub>SLD</sub>	260	°C
ESD Capability, Human Body Model (Notes 5 and 6)	ESD <sub>HBM</sub>	2.0	kV
ESD Capability, Machine Model (Notes 5)	ESD <sub>MM</sub>	200	V
ESD Capability, Charged Device Model (Note 5)	ESD <sub>CDM</sub>	1.0	kV
Latch-up Current Immunity (Note 5)	LU	100	mA

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

- 1. PG is an open-drain output that requires an external pull up resistor  $\geq$  1 k $\Omega$  to an external voltage source.
- Surface-mounted on FR4 board using 1 sq-in pad, 1 oz Cu.
   Surface-mounted on FR4 board using the minimum recommended pad size, 1 oz Cu.
- 4. Ensure that the expected operating MOSFET current will not cause the Short–Circuit Protection to turn the MOSFET off undesirably.
   5. Tested by the following methods @ T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C:
- - ESD Human Body Model tested per JESD22-A114
    ESD Machine Model tested per JESD22-A115

  - ESD Charged Device Model per ESD STM5.3.1
  - Latch-up Current tested per JESD78
- Rating is for all pins except for V<sub>IN</sub> and V<sub>OUT</sub> which are tied to the internal MOSFET's Drain and Source. Typical MOSFET ESD performance for V<sub>IN</sub> and V<sub>OUT</sub> should be expected and these devices should be treated as ESD sensitive.

**Table 3. OPERATING RANGES** 

Rating	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	3	5.5	V
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	0.5	13.5	V
Ground	GND		0	V
Ambient Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	-40	85	°C
Junction Temperature	TJ	-40	125	°C

Table 4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Conditions (Note 7)	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
MOSFET	•	•		•	•	
On-Resistance	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V	R <sub>ON</sub>		2.4	TBD	mΩ
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 5 V			2.6	TBD	
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V			3.5	TBD	
Leakage Current (Note 8)	V <sub>EN</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 13.5 V	I <sub>LEAK</sub>		0.1	1.0	μΑ
CONTROLLER	•					
Supply Standby Current (Note 9)	V <sub>EN</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V	I <sub>STBY</sub>		0.65	2.0	μΑ
	V <sub>EN</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V			3.2	4.5	
Supply Dynamic Current (Note 10)	V <sub>EN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V	I <sub>DYN</sub>		280	400	μΑ
	V <sub>EN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V			530	750	1
Bleed Resistance	V <sub>EN</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V	R <sub>BLEED</sub>	86	115	144	Ω
	V <sub>EN</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V		72	97	121	
Bleed Pin Leakage Current	V <sub>EN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V	I <sub>BLEED</sub>		6.0	10	μΑ
	V <sub>EN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V			60	70	
EN Input High Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V - 5.5 V	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.0			V
EN Input Low Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V - 5.5 V	V <sub>IL</sub>			0.8	V
EN Input Leakage Current	NCP45560-H; V <sub>EN</sub> = 0 V	I <sub>IL</sub>		90	500	nA
	NCP45560-L; V <sub>EN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>	I <sub>IH</sub>		90	500	
EN Pull Down Resistance	NCP45560-H	R <sub>PD</sub>	76	100	124	kΩ
EN Pull Up Resistance	NCP45560-L	R <sub>PU</sub>	76	100	124	kΩ
PG Output Low Voltage (Note 11)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V; I <sub>SINK</sub> = 5 mA	V <sub>OL</sub>			0.2	V
PG Output Leakage Current (Note 12)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V; V <sub>TERM</sub> = 3.3 V	I <sub>OH</sub>		5.0	100	nA
Slew Rate Control Constant (Note 13)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V	K <sub>SR</sub>	24	31	38	μΑ
FAULT PROTECTIONS	•	•		•	•	
Thermal Shutdown Threshold (Note 14)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V - 5.5 V	T <sub>SDT</sub>		145		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis (Note 14)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V – 5.5 V	T <sub>HYS</sub>		20		°C
V <sub>IN</sub> Undervoltage Lockout Threshold	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V	$V_{UVLO}$	0.25	0.35	0.45	V
V <sub>IN</sub> Undervoltage Lockout Hysteresis	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V	V <sub>HYS</sub>	20	50	70	mV
Short-Circuit Protection Threshold	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.5 V	V <sub>SC</sub>	200	265	350	mV
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 13.5 V	<u> </u>	100	285	500	1

- V<sub>EN</sub> shown only for NCP45560–H, (EN Active–High) unless otherwise specified.
   Average current from V<sub>IN</sub> to V<sub>OUT</sub> with MOSFET turned off.
   Average current from V<sub>CC</sub> to GND with MOSFET turned off.
   Average current from V<sub>CC</sub> to GND after charge up time of MOSFET.
   PG is an open-drain output that is pulled low when the MOSFET is disabled.

- 12. PG is an open-drain output that is not driven when the gate of the MOSFET is fully charged, requires an external pull up resistor  $\geq 1~\mathrm{k}\Omega$  to
- an external voltage source,  $V_{\text{TERM}}$ .

  13. See Applications Information section for details on how to adjust the slew rate.
- 14. Operation above  $T_J = 125^{\circ}C$  is not guaranteed.

Table 5. SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified) (Notes 15 and 16)

Parameter	Conditions	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Slew Rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V	SR		11.9		kV/s
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V			12.0		
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V			13.0		
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V			13.4		
Output Turn-on Delay	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V	T <sub>ON</sub>		215		μs
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V			190		
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V			295		
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V			280		
Output Turn-off Delay	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V	T <sub>OFF</sub>		3.9		μs
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V			3.2		
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V			1.2		
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V			0.7		
Power Good Turn-on Time	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V	T <sub>PG,ON</sub>	1.55		ms	
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V			1.03		
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V			1.96		
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V			1.34		
Power Good Turn-off Time	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V	T <sub>PG,OFF</sub>	19		ns	
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V		13			
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V			19		1
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V			13		1

<sup>15.</sup> See below figure for Test Circuit and Timing Diagram.

<sup>16.</sup> Tested with the following conditions:  $V_{TERM}$  =  $V_{CC}$ ;  $R_{PG}$  = 100 k $\Omega$ ;  $R_{L}$  = 10  $\Omega$ ;  $C_{L}$  = 0.1  $\mu F$ .

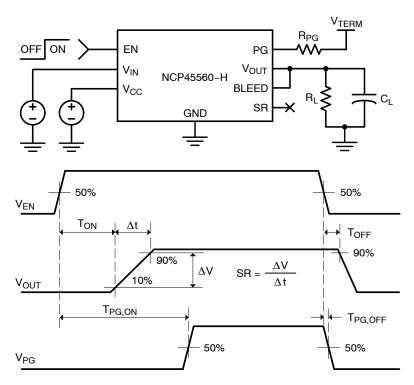


Figure 2. Switching Characteristics Test Circuit and Timing Diagrams

## **APPLICATIONS INFORMATION**

## **Enable Control**

The NCP45560 has two part numbers, NCP45560-H and NCP45560-L, that only differ in the polarity of the enable control.

The NCP45560-H part allows for enabling the MOSFET in an active-high configuration. When the EN pin is at a logic high level and the  $V_{CC}$  supply pin has an adequate voltage applied, the MOSFET will be enabled. Similarly, when the EN pin is at a logic low level, the MOSFET will be disabled. An internal pull down resistor to ground on the EN pin ensures that the MOSFET will be disabled when not being driven.

The NCP45560-L part allows for enabling the MOSFET in an active-low configuration. When the EN pin is at a logic low level and the  $V_{CC}$  supply pin has an adequate voltage applied, the MOSFET will be enabled. Similarly, when the EN pin is at a logic high level, the MOSFET will be disabled. An internal pull up resistor to  $V_{CC}$  on the EN pin ensures that the MOSFET will be disabled when not being driven.

#### **Load Bleed**

The NCP45560 device has an on-chip bleed resistor that is used to bleed the charge off of the load to ground after the MOSFET has been disabled. In series with the bleed resistor is a bleed switch that is enabled whenever the MOSFET is disabled. Delays are added to the enable of this switch to ensure that both the MOSFET and the bleed switch are not concurrently active.

In order to realize this functionality and for the short-circuit protection to operate correctly, the BLEED pin must be connected to  $V_{OUT}$  either directly or through a resistor,  $R_{EXT}$ , which should not exceed 1 k $\Omega$ .

#### **Power Good**

The NCP45560 device has a power good output (PG) that is used to indicate when the gate of the MOSFET is fully driven. The PG pin is an active-high, open-drain output that requires an external pull up resistor  $\geq 1~k\Omega$  to an external voltage source compatible with input levels of other devices connected to this pin. When the power good feature is not used in the application, the PG pin can be tied to ground.

#### **Short-Circuit Protection**

The NCP45560 device is equipped with short-circuit protection that is used to help protect the part and the system from a sudden high-current event, such as the output,  $V_{OUT}$ , being shorted to ground. This circuitry is only active when the gate of the MOSFET is fully driven.

Once active, the circuitry monitors the difference in the voltage on the  $V_{IN}$  pin and the voltage on the BLEED pin. When the difference is equal to the short-circuit protection threshold voltage, the MOSFET is immediately turned off and the load bleed is activated. The part remains latched in this off state until EN is toggled or  $V_{CC}$  supply voltage is

cycled, at which point the MOSFET will be turned on in a controlled fashion with the normal output turn-on delay and slew rate.

In order for the  $V_{OUT}$  voltage to be monitored through the BLEED pin, it is required that the BLEED pin be connected to  $V_{OUT}$  either directly or through a resistor,  $R_{EXT}$ , which should not exceed 1 k $\Omega$ .

#### **Thermal Shutdown**

The thermal shutdown of the NCP45560 device protects the part from internally or externally generated excessive temperatures. This circuitry is disabled when EN is not active to reduce standby current. When an over-temperature condition is detected, the MOSFET is immediately turned off and the load bleed is activated.

The part comes out of thermal shutdown when the junction temperature decreases to a safe operating temperature as dictated by the thermal hysteresis. Upon exiting a thermal shutdown state, and if EN remains active, the MOSFET will be turned on in a controlled fashion with the normal output turn-on delay and slew rate.

# **Undervoltage Lockout**

The undervoltage lockout of the NCP45560 device turns the MOSFET off and activates the load bleed when the input voltage,  $V_{\rm IN}$ , drops below the undervoltage lockout threshold. This circuitry is disabled when EN is not active to reduce standby current.

If the  $V_{\rm IN}$  voltage rises above the undervoltage lockout threshold, and EN remains active, the MOSFET will be turned on in a controlled fashion with the normal output turn-on delay and slew rate.

#### **Slew Rate Control**

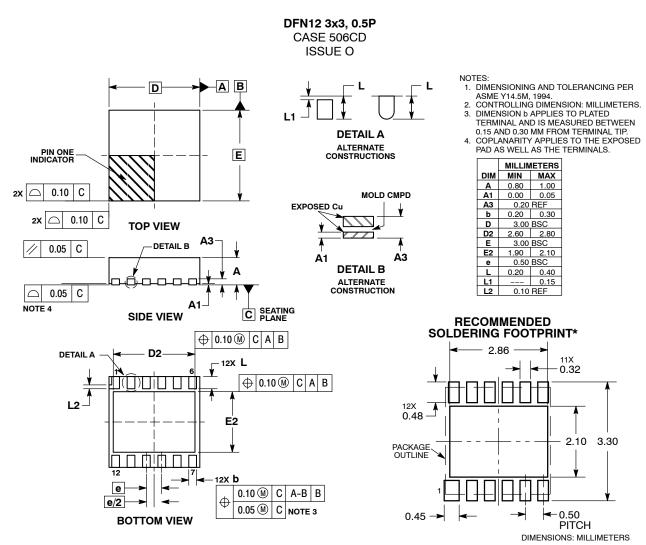
The NCP45560 device is equipped with controlled output slew rate which provides soft–start functionality. This limits the inrush current caused by capacitor charging and enables these devices to be used in hot swapping applications.

The slew rate can be decreased with an external capacitor added between the SR pin and ground. With an external capacitor present, the slew rate can be determined by the following equation:

Slew Rate = 
$$\frac{K_{SR}}{C_{SR}}$$
 [V/s] (eq. 1)

where  $K_{SR}$  is the specified slew rate control constant, found in Table 4, and  $C_{SR}$  is the slew rate control capacitor added between the SR pin and ground. Note that the slew rate of the device will always be the lower of the default slew rate and the adjusted slew rate. Therefore, if the  $C_{SR}$  is not large enough to decrease the slew rate more than the specified default value, the slew rate of the device will be the default value.

#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



<sup>\*</sup>For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	EN Polarity	Package	Shipping <sup>†</sup>
NCP45560IMNTWG-H	Active-High	DFN12	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCP45560IMNTWG-L	Active-Low	(Pb-Free)	3000 / таре & неег

<sup>†</sup>For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

ecoSWITCH is a trademark of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC (SCILLC).

ON Semiconductor and the registered trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC (SCILLC). SCILLC owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of SCILLC's product/patent coverage may be accessed at www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf. SCILLC reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. SCILLC makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does SCILLC assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in SCILLC data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. SCILLC does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. SCILLC products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the SCILLC product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use SCILLC products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold SCILLC and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that SCILLC was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. SCILLC is an Equal Opportunit

# **PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION**

LITERATURE FULFILLMENT:

Literature Distribution Center for ON Semiconductor P.O. Box 5163, Denver, Colorado 80217 USA Phone: 303-675-2175 or 800-344-3860 Toll Free USA/Canada Fax: 303-675-2176 or 800-344-3867 Toll Free USA/Canada Email: orderlit@onsemi.com N. American Technical Support: 800–282–9855 Toll Free USA/Canada
Europe, Middle East and Africa Technical Support:
Phone: 421 33 790 2910
Japan Customer Focus Center
Phone: 81–3–5817–1050

ON Semiconductor Website: www.onsemi.com

Order Literature: http://www.onsemi.com/orderlit

For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative