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- Equivalent Input Noise Voltage 5 nV/√Hz Typ at 1 kHz
- Unity-Gain Bandwidth . . . 10 MHz Typ
- Common-Mode Rejection Ratio . . . 100 dB Typ
- High dc Voltage Gain . . . 100 V/mV Typ
- Peak-to-Peak Output Voltage Swing 32 V Typ With $V_{CC+} = \pm 18 \text{ V}$ and $R_L = 600 \Omega$
- High Slew Rate . . . 9 V/μs Typ
- Wide Supply Voltage Range . . . ±3 V to ±20 V
- Designed to Be Interchangeable With Signetics NE5532 and NE5532A
- Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline (PS) Package and Standard Plastic (P) DIP

description

The NE5532 and NE5532A are high-performance operational amplifiers combining excellent dc and ac characteristics. They feature very low noise, high output-drive capability, high unity-gain and maximum-output-swing bandwidths, low distortion, high slew rate, input-protection diodes, and output short-circuit protection. These operational amplifiers are compensated internally for unity-gain operation. The NE5532A has specified maximum limits for equivalent input noise voltage.

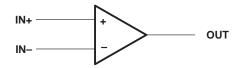
The NE5532 and NE5532A are characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

	PACKAGED DEVICES					
TA	PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE (P)	PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE (PS)				
0°C to 70°C	NE5532P	NE5532PSR				
0 0 10 70 0	NE5532AP	NE5532APSR				

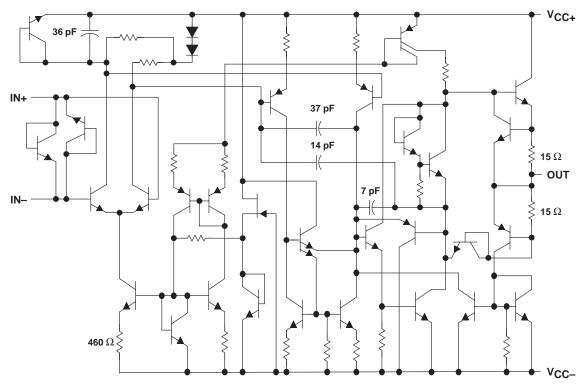
The PS package is only available taped and reeled.

symbol (each amplifier)





schematic (each amplifier)



Component values shown are nominal.

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage, V _{CC+} (see Note 1)	22 V
Supply voltage, V _{CC} (see Note 1)	–22 V
Input voltage, either input (see Notes 1 and 2)	V _{CC±}
Input current (see Note 3)	±10 mA
Duration of output short circuit (see Note 4)	Unlimited
Package thermal impedance, θ _{JA} (see Note 5): P package	85°C/W
PS package	95°C/W
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C
Storage temperature range, T _{Stq}	

NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the midpoint between V_{CC+} and V_{CC-}.

- 2. The magnitude of the input voltage must never exceed the magnitude of the supply voltage.
- 3. Excessive input current will flow if a differential input voltage in excess of approximately 0.6 V is applied between the inputs, unless some limiting resistance is used.
- 4. The output may be shorted to ground or either power supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.
- 5. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.



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recommended operating conditions

	MIN	NOM M	٩X	UNIT
Supply voltage, V _{CC+}	5		15	V
Supply voltage, V _{CC} –	- 5	-	15	V
Operating free-air temperature	0		70	°C

electrical characteristics, $V_{CC\pm}$ = +15 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS [†]			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Input offset voltage	\/o = 0	T _A = 25°C		0.5	4	mV		
	ΛQ = 0	$T_A = 0$ °C to 70 °C			5	IIIV		
lanut offect ourment	T _A = 25°C				10	150	nA	
input onset current	$T_A = 0$ °C to 70 °C	$T_A = 0$ °C to 70 °C				200	IIA	
Input bigg ourrent	T _A = 25°C				200	800	nA	
input bias current	$T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C					1000	IIA	
Common-mode input-voltage range		_		±12	±13		V	
Maximum peak-to-peak output-voltage swing	D. >600.0	V _{CC±} = ±15 V		24	26		V	
	KL ≥ 000 12	$V_{CC\pm} = \pm 18 \text{ V}$		30	32		1 '	
Large-signal differential-voltage amplification	$R_1 \geq 600 \Omega$,	T _A = 25°C		15	50			
	$V_{O} = \pm 10 \text{ V}$	$T_A = 0$ °C to 70 °C		10			\//==\/	
	$R_L \ge 2 k\Omega$, $V_O = \pm 10 V$	T _A = 25°C		25	100		V/mV	
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70 °C		15				
Small-signal differential-voltage amplification	f = 10 kHz				2.2		V/mV	
Maximum-output-swing bandwidth	B 600 O	V _O = ±10 V			140		kHz	
	RL = 600 22,	$V_{CC\pm} = \pm 18 \text{ V},$	$V_0 = \pm 14 \text{ V}$		100		KIIZ	
Unity-gain bandwidth	$R_L = 600 \Omega$,	$C_L = 100 pF$			10		MHz	
Input resistance				30	300		kΩ	
Output impedance	$A_{VD} = 30 \text{ dB},$	$R_L = 600 \Omega$,	f = 10 kHz		0.3		Ω	
Common-mode rejection ratio	V _{IC} = V _{ICR} min			70	100		dB	
Supply voltage rejection ratio $(\Delta V_{CC\pm}/\Delta V_{IO})$	$V_{CC\pm} = \pm 9 \text{ V to } \pm$	15 V,	V _O = 0	80	100		dB	
Output short-circuit current				10	38	60	mA	
Total supply curent	$V_{O} = 0,$	No load			8	16	mA	
Crosstalk attenuation (V _{O1} /V _{O2})	$V_{01} = 10 \text{ V peak},$	f = 1 kHz			110		dB	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Input offset voltage Input offset current Input bias current Common-mode input-voltage range Maximum peak-to-peak output-voltage swing Large-signal differential-voltage amplification Small-signal differential-voltage amplification Maximum-output-swing bandwidth Unity-gain bandwidth Input resistance Output impedance Common-mode rejection ratio Supply voltage rejection ratio (ΔVCC±/ΔVIO) Output short-circuit current Total supply curent		$\label{eq:localization} Input offset voltage $	$\begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} Input offset voltage & $V_O=0$ & $\frac{T_A=25^\circ C}{T_A=0^\circ C\ to\ 70^\circ C}$ \\ \hline $T_A=25^\circ C$ & $T_A=25^\circ C$ & $T_A=25^\circ C$ & $T_A=0^\circ C\ to\ 70^\circ C$ \\ \hline $T_A=0^\circ C\ to\ 70^\circ C$ & $T_A=25^\circ C$ & $T_A=0^\circ C\ to\ 70^\circ C$ \\ \hline $Common\text{-mode input-voltage range} & $R_L\geq 600\ \Omega$ & $\frac{VCC\pm=\pm 15\ V}{VCC\pm=\pm 18\ V}$ \\ \hline $Maximum\ peak-to-peak\ output-voltage\ swing} & $R_L\geq 600\ \Omega$ & $\frac{T_A=25^\circ C}{VO=\pm 10\ V}$ & $\frac{T_A=25^\circ C}{T_A=0^\circ C\ to\ 70^\circ C}$ \\ \hline $R_L\geq 2\ k\Omega$, & $T_A=25^\circ C$ & $T_A=0^\circ C\ to\ 70^\circ C$ \\ \hline $Small\ signal\ differential\ voltage\ amplification} & $f=10\ kHz$ & $\frac{VO=\pm 10\ V}{VCC\pm=\pm 18\ V}$ & $V_O=\pm 14\ V$ \\ \hline $Maximum\ output\ swing\ bandwidth} & $R_L=600\ \Omega$, & $C_L=100\ pF$ \\ \hline $Input\ resistance$ & $V_{IC}=\pm 10\ kHz$ \\ \hline $U_{I}=10\ kHz$ & $U_{I}=10\ kHz$ \\ \hline $U_{I}=1$	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{Input offset voltage} \\ \text{Input offset current} \\ \text{Input offset current} \\ \\ \text{Input offset current} \\ \\ \text{Input bias current} \\ \\ \\ \text{Input bias current} \\ \\ \\ \\ \text{Input bias current} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \text{Input bias current} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	

[†] All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions with zero common-mode input voltage, unless otherwise specified.

NE5532, NE5532A DUAL LOW-NOISE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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operating characteristics, V_{CC^\pm} = ± 15 V, T_A = $25^{\circ}C$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		NE5532			NE5532A			UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII
SR	Slew rate at unity gain				9			9		V/μs
	Overshoot factor	$V_{I} = 100 \text{ mV}, \qquad A_{VD} = R_{L} = 600 \Omega, \qquad C_{L} = 100 \Omega$	1, 00 pF		10%			10%		
V _n Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 30 Hz		8			8		10	nV/√ Hz	
	f = 1 kHz			5			5	6	6 11V/VHZ	
In Equivalent input noise current	f = 30 Hz		2.7				2.7		pA/√ Hz	
	Equivalent input noise current	f = 1 kHz			0.7			0.7		pA/√⊓Z

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