

TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TC74VCXR162501FT

Low-Voltage 18-Bit Universal Bus Transceiver with 3.6-V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

The TC74VCXR162501FT is a high-performance CMOS 18-bit universal bus transceiver. Designed for use in 1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.3-V systems, it achieves high-speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

It is also designed with overvoltage tolerant inputs and outputs up to 3.6 V.

Data flow in each direction is controlled by output-enable (OEAB and OEBA), latch-enable (LEAB and LEBA), and clock (CKAB and CKBA) inputs.

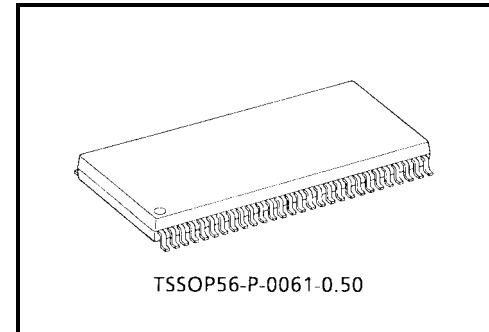
For A-to-B data flow, the device operates in the transparent mode when LEAB is high. When LEAB is low, the A data is latched if CKAB is held at a high or low logic level. If LEAB is low, the A bus data is stored in the latch/flip-flop on the low-to-high transition of CKAB.

Data flow for B to A is similar to that of A to B but uses OEBA, LEBA, and CKBA.

When the OE input is high, the outputs are in a high-impedance state. This device is designed to be used with 3-state memory address drivers, etc.

The 26- $\Omega$  series resistor helps reducing output overshoot and undershoot without external resistor.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.



TSSOP56-P-0061-0.50

Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

## Features

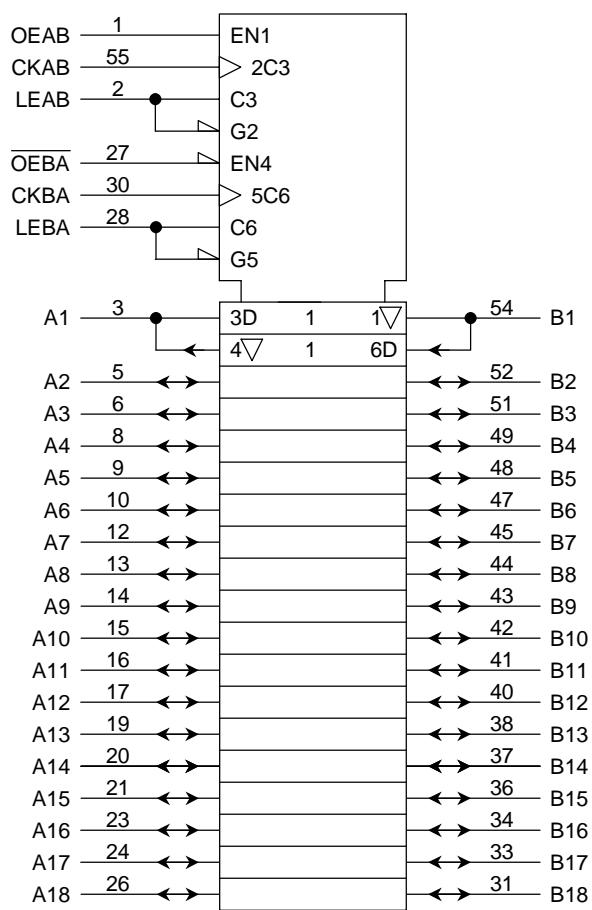
- 26- $\Omega$  series resistors on outputs
- Low-voltage operation:  $V_{CC} = 1.8$  to  $3.6$  V
- High-speed operation:  $t_{pd} = 3.8$  ns (max) ( $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V)
  - :  $t_{pd} = 4.9$  ns (max) ( $V_{CC} = 2.3$  to  $2.7$  V)
  - :  $t_{pd} = 9.8$  ns (max) ( $V_{CC} = 1.8$  V)
- Output current:  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 12$  mA (min) ( $V_{CC} = 3.0$  V)
  - :  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 8$  mA (min) ( $V_{CC} = 2.3$  V)
  - :  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 4$  mA (min) ( $V_{CC} = 1.8$  V)
- Latch-up performance:  $\pm 300$  mA
- ESD performance: Machine model  $> \pm 200$  V
  - : Human body model  $> \pm 2000$  V
- Package: TSSOP (thin shrink small outline package)
- Bidirectional interface between 2.5 V and 3.3 V signals.
- 3.6-V tolerant function and power-down protection provided on all inputs and outputs

Note 1: Do not apply a signal to any bus pins when it is in the output mode. Damage may result.

All floating (high impedance) bus pins must have their input level fixed by means of pull-up or pull-down resistors.

**Pin Assignment (top view)**

OEAB	1		56	GND
LEAB	2		55	CKAB
A1	3		54	B1
GND	4		53	GND
A2	5		52	B2
A3	6		51	B3
V <sub>CC</sub>	7		50	V <sub>CC</sub>
A4	8		49	B4
A5	9		48	B5
A6	10		47	B6
GND	11		46	GND
A7	12		45	B7
A8	13		44	B8
A9	14		43	B9
A10	15		42	B10
A11	16		41	B11
A12	17		40	B12
GND	18		39	GND
A13	19		38	B13
A14	20		37	B14
A15	21		36	B15
V <sub>CC</sub>	22		35	V <sub>CC</sub>
A16	23		34	B16
A17	24		33	B17
GND	25		32	GND
A18	26		31	B18
$\overline{OEBA}$	27		30	CKBA
LEBA	28		29	GND

**IEC Logic Symbol**

**Truth Table (A bus → B bus)**

Inputs				Outputs B
OEAB	LEAB	CKAB	A	
L	X	X	X	Z
H	H	X	L	L
H	H	X	H	H
H	L	↑	L	L
H	L	↑	H	H
H	L	H	X	B0 (Note 2)
H	L	L	X	B0 (Note 2)

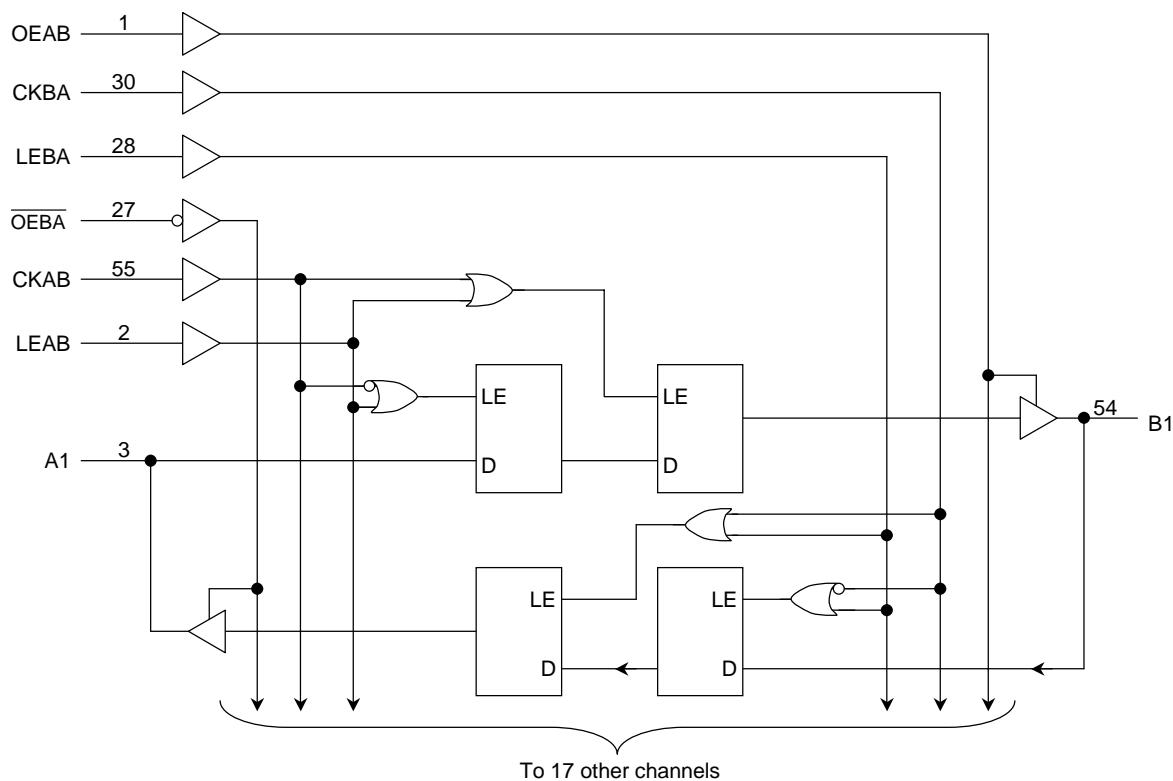
Note 2: Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established, provided that CKAB was low or high before LEAB went low.

**Truth Table (B bus → A bus)**

Inputs				Outputs A
OEBA	LEBA	CKBA	B	
H	X	X	X	Z
L	H	X	L	L
L	H	X	H	H
L	L	↑	L	L
L	L	↑	H	H
L	L	H	X	A0 (Note 2)
L	L	L	X	A0 (Note 2)

Note 2: Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established, provided that CKBA was low or high before LEBA went low.

## System Diagram



## Maximum Ratings

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	-0.5 to 4.6	V
DC input voltage (OEAB, $\overline{OEBA}$ , LEAB, LEBA, CKAB, CKBA)	$V_{IN}$	-0.5 to 4.6	V
DC bus I/O voltage	$V_{I/O}$	-0.5 to 4.6 (Note 3) -0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ (Note 4)	V
Input diode current	$I_{IK}$	-50	mA
Output diode current	$I_{OK}$	$\pm 50$ (Note 5)	mA
DC output current	$I_{OUT}$	$\pm 50$	mA
Power dissipation	$P_D$	400	mW
DC $V_{CC}$ /ground current per supply pin	$I_{CC}/I_{GND}$	$\pm 100$	mA
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to 150	°C

Note 3: OFF state

Note 4: High or low state.  $I_{OUT}$  absolute maximum rating must be observed.

Note 5:  $V_{OUT} < GND$ ,  $V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$

## Recommended Operating Range

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	1.8 to 3.6	V
		1.2 to 3.6 (Note 6)	
Input voltage (OEAB, $\overline{OEBA}$ , LEAB, LEBA, CKAB, CKBA)	$V_{IN}$	-0.3 to 3.6	V
Bus I/O voltage	$V_{I/O}$	0 to 3.6 (Note 7)	V
		0 to $V_{CC}$ (Note 8)	
Output current	$I_{OH}/I_{OL}$	$\pm 12$ (Note 9)	mA
		$\pm 8$ (Note 10)	
		$\pm 4$ (Note 11)	
Operating temperature	$T_{opr}$	-40 to 85	°C
Input rise and fall time	$dt/dv$	0 to 10 (Note 12)	ns/V

Note 6: Data retention only

Note 7: OFF-state

Note 8: High or low state

Note 9:  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to 3.6 V

Note 10:  $V_{CC} = 2.3$  to 2.7 V

Note 11:  $V_{CC} = 1.8$  V

Note 12:  $V_{IN} = 0.8$  to 2.0 V,  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  V

**Electrical Characteristics****DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 2.7 V < V<sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6 V)**

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit	
Input voltage	H-level		—	2.7 to 3.6					
	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>	—	2.7 to 3.6	—	0.8	—		
Output voltage	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	—	V	
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	2.7	2.2	—		
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA	3.0	2.4	—		
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	3.0	2.2	—		
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	—	0.2		
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	2.7	—	0.4		
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	3.0	—	0.55		
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	3.0	—	0.8		
Input leakage current		I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±5.0	μA	
3-state output OFF state current		I <sub>OZ</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±10.0	μA	
Power-off leakage current		I <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		0	—	10.0	μA	
Quiescent supply current		I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		2.7 to 3.6	—	20.0	μA	
			V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ (V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> ) ≤ 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±20.0		
Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per input		ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	750	—	

**DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 2.3 V ≤ V<sub>CC</sub> ≤ 2.7 V)**

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit	
Input voltage	H-level		—	2.3 to 2.7	1.6	—			
	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>	—	2.3 to 2.7	—	0.7			
Output voltage	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	—	V	
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -4 mA	2.3	2.0	—		
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	2.3	1.8	—		
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA	2.3	1.7	—		
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	—	0.2		
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	2.3	—	0.4		
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	2.3	—	0.6		
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.3	—	0.8		
Input leakage current		I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±5.0	μA	
3-state output OFF state current		I <sub>OZ</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±10.0	μA	
Power-off leakage current		I <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		0	—	10.0	μA	
Quiescent supply current		I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		2.3 to 2.7	—	20.0	μA	
			V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ (V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> ) ≤ 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±20.0		

DC Characteristics ( $T_a = -40$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 2.3 \text{ V}$ )

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		$V_{CC} (\text{V})$	Min	Max	Unit	
Input voltage	H-level	$V_{IH}$	—		1.8 to 2.3	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$	—	V	
	L-level	$V_{IL}$	—		1.8 to 2.3	—	$0.2 \times V_{CC}$		
Output voltage	H-level	$V_{OH}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$	1.8	$V_{CC} - 0.2$	—	V	
				$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$	1.8	1.4	—		
	L-level	$V_{OL}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	$I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	1.8	—	0.2		
				$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$	1.8	—	0.3		
Input leakage current		$I_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = 0$ to $3.6 \text{ V}$		1.8	—	$\pm 5.0$	$\mu\text{A}$	
3-state output OFF state current		$I_{OZ}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ $V_{OUT} = 0$ to $3.6 \text{ V}$		1.8	—	$\pm 10.0$	$\mu\text{A}$	
Power-off leakage current		$I_{OFF}$	$V_{IN}, V_{OUT} = 0$ to $3.6 \text{ V}$		0	—	10.0	$\mu\text{A}$	
Quiescent supply current		$I_{CC}$	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND		1.8	—	20.0	$\mu\text{A}$	
			$V_{CC} \leq (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \leq 3.6 \text{ V}$		1.8	—	$\pm 20.0$		

AC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, input: t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> = 2.0 ns, C<sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, R<sub>L</sub> = 500 Ω)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Maximum clock frequency	f <sub>max</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.8	100	—	MHz
			2.5 ± 0.2	200	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	250	—	
Propagation delay time (An, Bn-Bn, An)	t <sub>pLH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.8	1.5	9.8	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	4.9	
	t <sub>pHL</sub>		3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	3.8	
Propagation delay time (CKAB, CLKBA-Bn, An)	t <sub>pLH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.8	1.5	9.8	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	5.8	
	t <sub>pHL</sub>		3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	4.4	
Propagation delay time (LEAB, LEBA-Bn, An)	t <sub>pLH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 4	1.8	1.5	9.8	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	6.3	
	t <sub>pHL</sub>		3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	4.7	
Output enable time (OEAB, OEBA-Bn, An)	t <sub>pZL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 5, Figure 6	1.8	1.5	9.8	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	5.9	
	t <sub>pZH</sub>		3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	4.3	
Output disable time (OEAB, OEBA-Bn, An)	t <sub>pLZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 5, Figure 6	1.8	1.5	8.8	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	4.9	
	t <sub>pHZ</sub>		3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	4.3	
Minimum pulse width	t <sub>W</sub> (H) t <sub>W</sub> (L)	Figure 1, Figure 3, Figure 4	1.8	4.0	—	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.5	—	
	t <sub>W</sub>		3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	—	
Minimum setup time	t <sub>s</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3, Figure 4	1.8	2.5	—	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.5	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	—	
Minimum hold time	t <sub>h</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3, Figure 4	1.8	1.0	—	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.0	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	1.0	—	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub> t <sub>osHL</sub>	(Note 13)	1.8	—	0.5	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	—	0.5	
			3.3 ± 0.3	—	0.5	

For C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

Note 13: Parameter guaranteed by design.

$$(tosLH = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, tosHL = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$$

**Dynamic Switching Characteristics**(Ta = 25°C, input: t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> = 2.0 ns, C<sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, R<sub>L</sub> = 500 Ω)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Typ.	Unit
Quiet output maximum dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>O LP</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note 14)	1.8	0.15	V
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note 14)	2.5	0.25	
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note 14)	3.3	0.35	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>O LV</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note 14)	1.8	-0.15	V
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note 14)	2.5	-0.25	
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note 14)	3.3	-0.35	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>O HV</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note 14)	1.8	1.55	V
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note 14)	2.5	2.05	
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note 14)	3.3	2.65	

Note 14: Parameter guaranteed by design.

**Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Typ.	Unit
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	—	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	6	pF
Bus I/O capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	—	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	7	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	C <sub>PD</sub>	f <sub>IN</sub> = 10 MHz (Note 15)	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	20	pF

Note 15: CPD is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

$$I_{CC}(\text{opr}) = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/18 \text{ (per bit)}$$

## AC Test Circuit

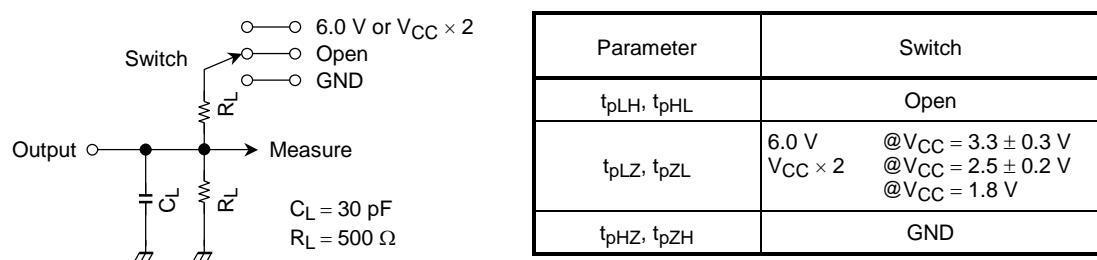
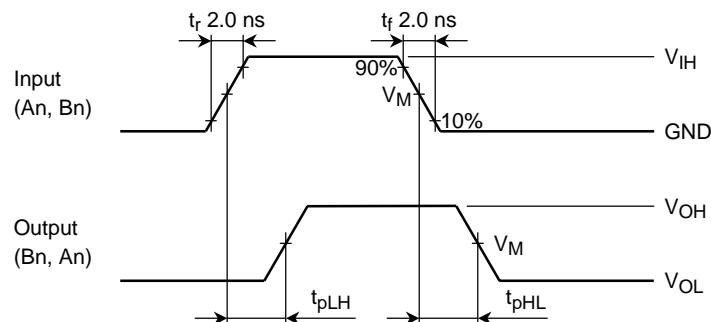
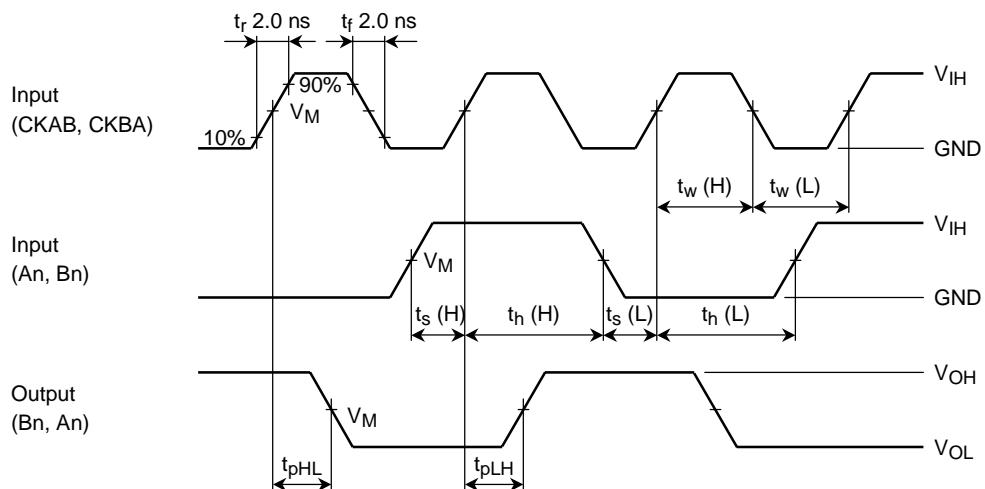
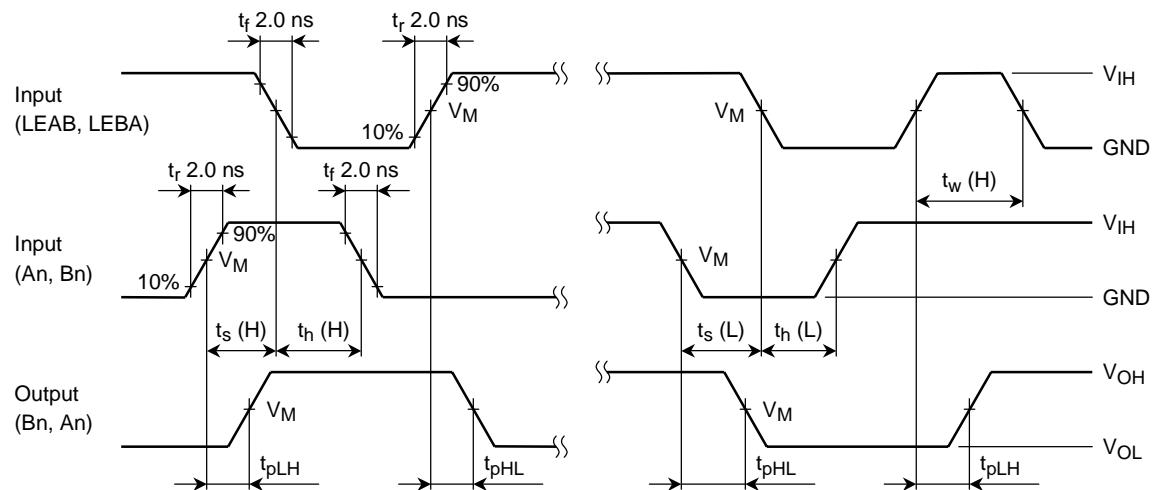
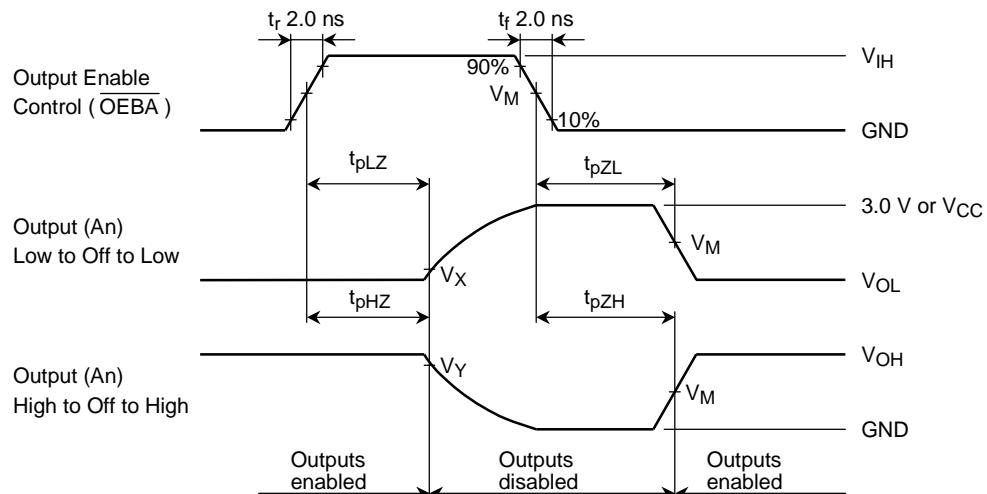
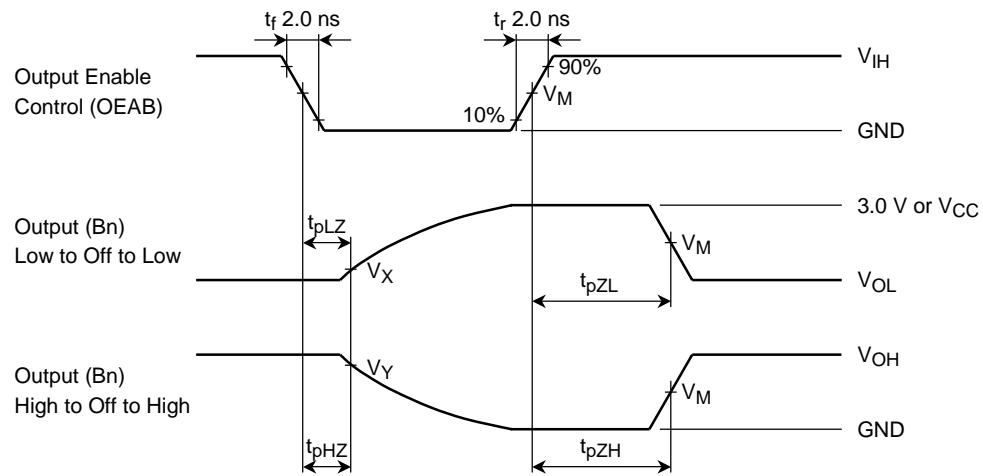


Figure 1

## AC Waveform

Figure 2  $t_{pLH}, t_{pHL}$ Figure 3  $t_{pLH}, t_{pHL}, t_w, t_s, t_h$

**Figure 4**  $t_{pLH}$ ,  $t_{pHL}$ ,  $t_w$ ,  $t_s$ ,  $t_h$ **Figure 5**  $t_{pLZ}$ ,  $t_{pHZ}$ ,  $t_{pZL}$ ,  $t_{pZH}$



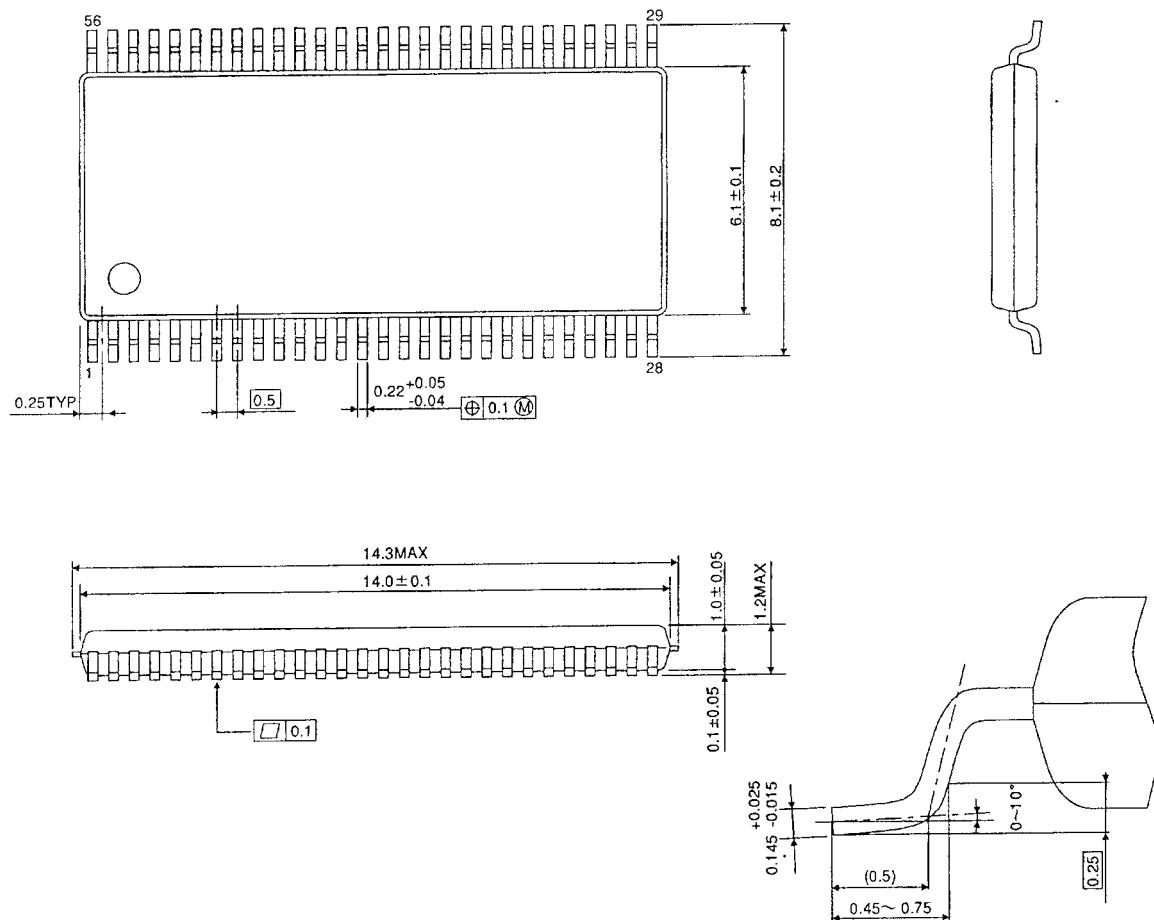
**Figure 6**  $t_{pLZ}$ ,  $t_{pHZ}$ ,  $t_{pZL}$ ,  $t_{pZH}$

Symbol	$V_{CC}$		
	$3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	$2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	$1.8 \text{ V}$
$V_{IH}$	2.7 V	$V_{CC}$	$V_{CC}$
$V_M$	1.5 V	$V_{CC}/2$	$V_{CC}/2$
$V_X$	$V_{OL} + 0.3 \text{ V}$	$V_{OL} + 0.15 \text{ V}$	$V_{OL} + 0.15 \text{ V}$
$V_Y$	$V_{OH} - 0.3 \text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.15 \text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.15 \text{ V}$

**Package Dimensions**

TSSOP56-P-0061-0.50

Unit : mm



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

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000707EBA

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